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# 1 SAML eduPerson Attribute Profiles

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### 14 Abstract:

15 This document contains a pair of SAML attribute profiles addressing the use of eduPerson  
16 attribute definitions with the SAML 1.x and SAML 2.0 specifications

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# 1 Introduction

The eduPerson specification ([eduPerson]) defines a set of LDAP object classes and associated attribute types at a level of detail sufficient to achieve interoperability with respect to the LDAP representation of those attribute types. This profile specifies a mapping of these attribute types to the SAML 1.1 ([SAMLCore]) and SAML 2.0 ([SAML2Core]) specifications. SAML provides a general framework for expressing attribute information but does not define specific attribute types or impose other requirements on applications. This profile enables SAML applications that wish to exchange eduPerson attributes to interoperate.

Much of the SAML 1.1 profile should be understood as a retroactive effort to document practices developed in handling these attribute types in the implementations of the Shibboleth specification ([ShibProt]) in support of the InCommon Federation (<http://www.incommonfederation.org/>).

The SAML 2.0 profile reflects both the enhanced capabilities and additional profiles defined in that specification, and the experiences gained working with the SAML 1.1 profile.

## 1.1 Notation

This specification uses normative text to describe the use of SAML capabilities.

The keywords "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this specification are to be interpreted as described in [RFC 2119]:

...they MUST only be used where it is actually required for interoperation or to limit behavior which has potential for causing harm (e.g., limiting retransmissions)...

These keywords are thus capitalized when used to unambiguously specify requirements over protocol and application features and behavior that affect the interoperability and security of implementations. When these words are not capitalized, they are meant in their natural-language sense.

Listings of XML schemas appear like this.

Example code listings appear like this.

Conventional XML namespace prefixes are used throughout the listings in this specification to stand for their respective namespaces as follows, whether or not a namespace declaration is present in the example:

- The prefix `saml:` stands for the SAML 1.1 (and 1.0) assertion namespace, `urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:assertion`
- The prefix `saml2:` stands for the SAML 2.0 assertion namespace, `urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:assertion`
- The prefix `xsd:` stands for the W3C XML Schema namespace, <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema> in example listings. In schema listings, this is the default namespace and no prefix is shown.

This specification uses the following typographical conventions in text: `<ns:Element>`, `Attribute`, **Datatype**, `OtherCode`.

---

## 2 eduPerson Attribute Profile for SAML 1.x

79

80 This profile defines the syntax for expressing attribute types defined (or referenced) by [eduPerson] in  
81 SAML 1.1. SAML 1.0 is identical to SAML 1.1 with respect to attribute representation and this profile  
82 should be considered to apply to it as well.

### 2.1 Required Information

84 **Identification:** urn:mace:dir:eduperson:profiles:samlv1

85 **Contact information:** mace-dir@internet2.edu

86 **Description:** Given below.

87 **Updates:** Various informal documents and drafts describing the use of eduPerson attribute types in SAML  
88 1.1

### 2.2 SAML Attribute Naming

90 To ensure uniqueness, each attribute type is assigned a name in the form of a URI.

91 SAML 1.1 does not specify any interoperable means of establishing the kind of name used, so the  
92 convention used is that the `AttributeNameSpace` XML attribute in `<saml:Attribute>` elements  
93 MUST be set to `urn:mace:shibboleth:1.0:attributeNamespace:uri`

94 Unless specified below, to construct attribute names, the URN oid namespace described in [RFC3061] is  
95 used. The `AttributeName` XML attribute is based on the OBJECT IDENTIFIER assigned to the attribute  
96 type. This naming procedure mirrors the X.500/LDAP attribute profile defined in [SAML2Prof].

97 Example:

98 `urn:oid:2.5.4.3`

99 Since [eduPerson] procedures require that every attribute type be identified with a unique OBJECT  
100 IDENTIFIER, this naming scheme ensures that the derived SAML attribute names are unambiguous.

#### 2.2.1 Legacy Names

102 Unfortunately, this profile post-dates the establishment of an alternate naming convention designed to  
103 improve the human-readability of attribute information. Most existing attribute types have already been  
104 assigned URI names using a convention based on appending the attribute type's "short name" to the URN  
105 prefix:

106 `urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:`

107 The following legacy attribute names have been formally assigned in [AttrDefs], and the corresponding  
108 attribute types are exempt from the naming convention described in the previous section when bound to  
109 SAML 1.x:

110 `urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:eduPersonScopedAffiliation`  
111 `urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:eduPersonPrimaryAffiliation`  
112 `urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:eduPersonAffiliation`  
113 `urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:eduPersonPrincipalName`  
114 `urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:eduPersonEntitlement`  
115 `urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:eduPersonTargetedID`  
116 `urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:eduPersonNickname`  
117 `urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:eduPersonPrimaryOrgUnitDN`

118 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:eduPersonOrgUnitDN  
119 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:eduPersonOrgDN  
120 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:businessCategory  
121 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:carLicense  
122 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:cn  
123 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:departmentNumber  
124 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:description  
125 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:displayName  
126 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:employeeNumber  
127 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:employeeType  
128 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:facsimileTelephoneNumber  
129 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:givenName  
130 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:homePhone  
131 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:homePostalAddress  
132 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:initials  
133 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:jpegPhoto  
134 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:l  
135 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:labeledURI  
136 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:mail  
137 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:manager  
138 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:mobile  
139 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:o  
140 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:ou  
141 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:pager  
142 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:physicalDeliveryOfficeName  
143 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:postalAddress  
144 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:postalCode  
145 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:postOfficeBox  
146 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:preferredLanguage  
147 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:roomNumber  
148 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:seeAlso  
149 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:sn  
150 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:st  
151 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:street  
152 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:telephoneNumber  
153 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:title  
154 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:uid  
155 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:userCertificate  
156 urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:userSMIMECertificate

157 This is obviously a fairly exhaustive list of existing LDAP attribute types referenced by [eduPerson] (and a  
158 few that aren't). Thus, the new naming convention is likely to be applied only if new attribute types emerge.

## 159 **2.2.2 Attribute Name Comparison**

160 Two <saml:Attribute> elements refer to the same SAML attribute if and only if their AttributeName  
161 XML attribute values are byte-equal (a case-sensitive, binary comparison).

## 162 **2.3 SAML Attribute Values**

163 With two significant exceptions, the syntax rules defined by the SAML 2.0 X.500/LDAP attribute profile in  
164 [SAML2Prof] are to be applied, with the obvious caveat that the <saml:AttributeValue> element is  
165 substituted for the <saml2:AttributeValue> element in that specification.

166 The first exception is that the XML attribute named Encoding defined by that profile is NOT specified for  
167 use with this profile.

168 The second exception is more significant and pertains to "scoped" attributes.

## 169 2.3.1 Scoped Attribute Values

170 In the course of developing implementations and producing the informal attribute bindings that have led to  
171 this profile, a few attribute types were identified as consisting of a relation between two separate pieces of  
172 data, termed a *value* and a *scope* or *domain*. For policy reasons, it seemed useful to distinguish the two  
173 halves of the value in a more explicit fashion than merely by using a separator character (typically the @  
174 symbol).

175 As a result, attribute types identified as having this characteristic were given special treatment and for  
176 compatibility reasons are considered exceptions to the standard syntax rules, which would normally  
177 dictate that the entire `value@scope` string be placed within the `<saml:AttributeValue>` element.

178 Instead, an unqualified XML attribute named `Scope` is used to carry the so-called "right-hand side" of the  
179 scope/domain-qualified string, with the left-hand side placed within the `<saml:AttributeValue>`  
180 element. No separator character appears in either location (as the halves are already carried separately  
181 and need no additional separator).

182 Examples are shown in section 2.4.

183 The following attributes have been designated as scoped for the purposes of applying this exception to the  
184 standard value profile:

```
185         urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:eduPersonScopedAffiliation  
186         urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:eduPersonPrincipalName
```

187 Additional attributes MAY be designated as scoped when appropriate, and will be subject to these syntax  
188 rules for consistency.

## 189 2.3.2 Non-LDAP Attributes

190 This profile provides uniform treatment of attribute types whose values can be described in terms of  
191 X.500/LDAP directory syntax. Other attribute types must be addressed on a case by case basis at this  
192 time.

### 193 2.3.2.1 eduPersonTargetedID

194 The "eduPersonTargetedID" attribute is an outlier because its abstract representation cannot easily be  
195 bound to an LDAP directory syntax, nor its semantics easily implemented using an LDAP directory. It  
196 therefore requires special treatment within this profile.

197 Abstractly, an eduPersonTargetedID value consists of a triple:

- 198 • the URI of the identity provider that created the value
- 199 • the URI of the service provider or group for which the value was created
- 200 • the opaque string value itself

201 For compatibility with legacy implementations, this profile provides for two alternate representations  
202 distinguished by the name used to identify the attribute.

203 The legacy `AttributeName`, `urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:eduPersonTargetedID`, is bound to  
204 an older representation in which the attribute is considered to be scoped (as described in section 2.3.1)  
205 and the value is expressed with a scope representing the identity provider. The scope MAY be in any  
206 form, possibly but not specifically a URI. The service provider value is not represented.

207 The OBJECT IDENTIFIER-derived `AttributeName`, `urn:oid:1.3.6.1.4.1.5923.1.1.1.10`, is  
208 bound to a new, expanded representation that leverages the equivalence in semantics between this  
209 attribute type and the SAML 2.0 subject name identifier format of

210 urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:nameid-format:persistent (see section 8.3.7 of  
211 [SAML2Core]). The newer representation places a <saml2:NameID> element expressing the attribute  
212 value directly within the <saml:AttributeValue> element. The identity provider and service provider  
213 identifiers map directly into the NameQualifier and SPNameQualifier XML attributes, as defined in  
214 [SAML2Core].

215 Examples of both representations can be found in section 2.4.

## 216 2.4 Examples

217 The following is an example of a mapping of the "givenName" directory attribute, representing the SAML  
218 assertion subject's first name. Its LDAP syntax is Directory String. Since the XML type of the value is a  
219 built-in type, it is included within the xsi:type XML attribute.

```
220 <saml:Attribute AttributeNamespace="urn:mace:shibboleth:1.0:attributeNamespace:uri"  
221   AttributeName="urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:givenName">  
222   <saml:AttributeValue xsi:type="xsd:string">Scott</saml:AttributeValue>  
223 </saml:Attribute>
```

224 The following is an example mapping of an "eduPersonPrincipalName" directory attribute with the LDAP  
225 value of "cantor.2@osu.edu". Its LDAP syntax is Directory String, but it is a scoped attribute, and is  
226 therefore subject to alternative syntax rules. The resulting XML type of the value is therefore a complex  
227 type and is omitted to ease interoperability.

```
229 <saml:Attribute AttributeNamespace="urn:mace:shibboleth:1.0:attributeNamespace:uri"  
230   AttributeName="urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:eduPersonPrincipalName">  
231   <saml:AttributeValue Scope="osu.edu">cantor.2</saml:AttributeValue>  
232 </saml:Attribute>
```

234 The following is an example mapping of an "eduCourseOffering" directory attribute. Its LDAP syntax is  
235 URI. Since the XML type of the value is a built-in type, it is carried within the xsi:type XML attribute.  
236 Since it is a relatively new attribute type, it does not have an assigned "legacy" name and is therefore  
237 named in accordance with its OBJECT IDENTIFIER, 1.3.6.1.4.1.5923.1.6.1.1.

```
238 <saml:Attribute AttributeNamespace="urn:mace:shibboleth:1.0:attributeNamespace:uri"  
239   AttributeName="urn:oid:1.3.6.1.4.1.5923.1.6.1.1">  
240   <saml:AttributeValue xsi:type="xsd:anyURI"  
241     >urn:mace:uchicago.edu:classes:autumn2004:phys12100.003</saml:AttributeValue>  
242 </saml:Attribute>
```

243 The following is an example mapping of an "eduPersonTargetedID" attribute created by the identity  
244 provider named "<https://idp.example.org/shibboleth>" for the service provider named  
245 "<https://sp.example.org/shibboleth>" with the opaque value of "1234567890". The legacy name and value  
246 syntax is used. The scope "example.org" is used to stand-in for the identity provider's full name.

```
248 <saml:Attribute AttributeNamespace="urn:mace:shibboleth:1.0:attributeNamespace:uri"  
249   AttributeName="urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:eduPersonTargetedID">  
250   <saml:AttributeValue Scope="example.org">1234567890</saml:AttributeValue>  
251 </saml:Attribute>
```

252 The following is the same attribute shown with the newer, recommended name and value syntax.

```
254 <saml:Attribute AttributeNamespace="urn:mace:shibboleth:1.0:attributeNamespace:uri"  
255   AttributeName="urn:oid:1.3.6.1.4.1.5923.1.1.1.10">  
256   <saml:AttributeValue>  
257     <saml2:NameID Format="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:nameid-format:persistent"  
258       NameQualifier="https://idp.example.org/shibboleth"  
259       SPNameQualifier="https://sp.example.org/shibboleth"  
260       >1234567890</saml2:NameID>  
261   </saml:AttributeValue>  
262 </saml:Attribute>
```

263

## 3 eduPerson Attribute Profile for SAML 2.0

264 This profile defines the syntax for expressing attribute types defined (or referenced) by [eduPerson] in  
265 SAML 2.0. Most of the attribute types defined or referenced by [eduPerson] have (or can be given) LDAP  
266 representations, and as a matter of procedure are always assigned an OBJECT IDENTIFIER. Therefore,  
267 in the interest of expediency, the X.500/LDAP attribute profile defined in [SAML2Prof] is adopted  
268 whenever possible. This profile directly addresses naming, the mapping of directory syntax to XML syntax,  
269 comparison rules, etc. Exceptions to this general policy are noted.

270

### 3.1 Required Information

271 **Identification:** urn:mace:dir:eduperson:profiles:samlv2

272 **Contact information:** mace-dir@internet2.edu

273 **Description:** Given below.

274 **Updates:** The SAML 1.x profile

275

### 3.2 SAML Attribute Naming

276 All [eduPerson] attribute types possess an OBJECT IDENTIFIER. Therefore attribute naming and name  
277 comparison is in accordance with the X.500/LDAP attribute profile in [SAML2Prof].

278 If the `FriendlyName` XML attribute is used, then it SHOULD carry the short name of the attribute type.

279 The legacy names assigned for use with the SAML 1.x attribute profile MUST NOT be used with this  
280 profile.

281

### 3.3 SAML Attribute Values

282 If an attribute type is associated with an X.500/LDAP directory syntax, then the syntax rules defined by the  
283 X.500/LDAP attribute profile in [SAML2Prof] are to be applied directly. This includes scoped attributes  
284 typed as Directory String, such as "eduPersonScopedAffiliation".

285 Diverging from the SAML 1.x profile, both the *value* and *scope* are carried directly within the  
286 `<saml2:AttributeValue>` element, with the @ separator. Such attribute types are therefore no longer  
287 "exception" cases. The intent is to ease directory integration and compatibility with COTS SAML software.

288 Examples are shown in section 3.4.

289

#### 3.3.1 Non-LDAP Attributes

290 This profile provides uniform treatment of attribute types whose values can be described in terms of  
291 X.500/LDAP directory syntax. Other attribute types must be addressed on a case by case basis at this  
292 time.

293

##### 3.3.1.1 eduPersonTargetedID

294 The "eduPersonTargetedID" attribute is an outlier because its abstract representation cannot easily be  
295 bound to an LDAP directory syntax, nor its semantics easily implemented using an LDAP directory. It  
296 therefore requires special treatment within this profile.

297 Abstractly, an eduPersonTargetedID value consists of a triple:



- 298 • the URI of the identity provider that created the value
- 299 • the URI of the service provider or group for which the value was created
- 300 • the opaque string value itself

301 Since this attribute type is assigned an OBJECT IDENTIFIER, its Name is derived in accordance with this  
302 profile as urn:oid:1.3.6.1.4.1.5923.1.1.1.10.

303 The value syntax defined by this profile leverages the equivalence in semantics between this attribute type  
304 and the SAML 2.0 subject name identifier format of urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:nameid-  
305 format:persistent (see section 8.3.7 of [SAML2Core]). This representation places a  
306 <saml2:NameID> element expressing the attribute value directly within the <saml2:AttributeValue>  
307 element. The identity provider and service provider identifiers map directly into the NameQualifier and  
308 SPNameQualifier XML attributes, as defined in [SAML2Core].

309 An example can be found in section 3.4.

### 310 3.4 Examples

311 The following is an example of a mapping of the "givenName" directory attribute, representing the SAML  
312 assertion subject's first name. Its LDAP syntax is Directory String. Since the XML type of the value is a  
313 built-in type, it is included within the xsi:type XML attribute.

```
314 <saml2:Attribute xmlns:x500="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:profiles:attribute:X500"  
315     NameFormat="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:attrname-format:uri"  
316     Name="urn:oid:2.5.4.42" FriendlyName="givenName">  
317     <saml2:AttributeValue xsi:type="xsd:string"  
318         x500:Encoding="LDAP">Steven</saml2:AttributeValue>  
319 </saml2:Attribute>
```

320 The following is an example mapping of an "eduPersonPrincipalName" directory attribute with the LDAP  
321 value of "cantor.2@osu.edu". Its LDAP syntax is Directory String, and it is a scoped attribute, but is  
322 covered by this profile directly without special treatment. Since the XML type of the value is a built-in type,  
323 it is included within the xsi:type XML attribute.

```
325 <saml2:Attribute xmlns:x500="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:profiles:attribute:X500"  
326     NameFormat="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:attrname-format:uri"  
327     Name="urn:oid:1.3.6.1.4.1.5923.1.1.1.6" FriendlyName="eduPersonPrincipalName">  
328     <saml2:AttributeValue xsi:type="xsd:string"  
329         x500:Encoding="LDAP">cantor.2@osu.edu</saml2:AttributeValue>  
330 </saml2:Attribute>
```

331 The following is an example mapping of an "eduCourseOffering" directory attribute. Its LDAP syntax is  
332 URI. Since the XML type of the value is a built-in type, it is carried within the xsi:type XML attribute.

```
334 <saml2:Attribute xmlns:x500="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:profiles:attribute:X500"  
335     NameFormat="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:attrname-format:uri"  
336     Name="urn:oid:1.3.6.1.4.1.5923.1.6.1.1" FriendlyName="eduCourseOffering">  
337     <saml2:AttributeValue xsi:type="xsd:anyURI" x500:Encoding="LDAP"  
338         >urn:mace:uchicago.edu:classes:autumn2004:phys12100.003</saml2:AttributeValue>  
339 </saml2:Attribute>
```

340 The following is an example mapping of an "eduPersonTargetedID" attribute created by the identity  
341 provider named "<https://idp.example.org/shibboleth>" for the service provider named  
342 "<https://sp.example.org/shibboleth>" with the opaque value of "1234567890".

```
344 <saml2:Attribute NameFormat="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:attrname-format:uri"  
345     Name="urn:oid:1.3.6.1.4.1.5923.1.1.1.10">  
346     <saml2:AttributeValue>  
347     <saml2:NameID Format="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:nameid-format:persistent"  
348         NameQualifier="https://idp.example.org/shibboleth"
```

```
349         SPNameQualifier="https://sp.example.org/shibboleth"  
350         >1234567890</saml2:NameID>  
351     </saml2:AttributeValue>  
352 </saml2:Attribute>
```

---

## 4 References

353

354 The following works are cited in the body of this specification.

### 4.1 Normative References

355

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### 4.2 Non-Normative References

382

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